SCHEDULE KIDA

TAX CREDIT COMPUTATION SCHEDULE

For taxable year ended

41A720-S20 (1-06)

(FOR A KIDA PROJECT OF CORPORATIONS)

____/ ____/

Commonwealth of Kentucky **DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE**

Investment Credit Act (STICA).

KRS 154.28-010 to 130 Attach to Form 720, Form 720S, Form 725 or Form 765.

Name of Corporation	Federal Identification Number	Kentucky Corporation Account Number
Location of Project	Date KIDA Financing/Tax Incentive Agreement was Executed or Activation Date	Economic Development Project Number
City County	/ / Mo. Day Yr.	
PART I—Tax Liability Method	Mo. Day Yr.	<u> </u>
Method in which greater tax liability was computed on For	m 720. Form 720S. Form 725 or Form 7	65 (check applicable box).
☐ Taxable net income (go to Part II)	.,	
 Lesser of corporation's gross receipts or gross pro 	ofits (go to Part III)	
🗌 \$175 minimum tax (Enter zero (-0-) on Form 720, P	Part IV, line 4; Form 720S, Form 725 or Fe	orm 765, Part V, line 1.
Minimum tax required.)		
PART II—Computation of Taxable Net Income Excluding N		Tax Credit
1. Enter taxable net income from Form 720, Part I, line 21		
Form 725, Part I, line 13; or Form 765, Part I, line 26		
 Less net income from KIDA project. If a loss, enter -0		2
(Subtract line 2 from line 1. If line 2 is greater than line 1, enter -0)		3
4. Compute tax on amount on line 3.	, 1, criter 0 .,	0
Taxable Net Inc	come Rate Tax	
(a) First \$50,000	x 4%	
(b) Next \$50,000		
(c) All income over		
\$100,000	x 7%	
(d) Total (add lines 4(a) through (c))		4(d)
5. Income tax liability attributable to KIDA project (subtra		
Continue to Part IV and enter on line 3		
PART III—Computation of Alternative Minimum (AMC) Excluding		rofits from KIDA Project
If alternative minimum calculation (AMC) is based on gross	is receipts, complete line 1. If based on	
gross profits, complete line 2.	x 0.00095 =	1
 KIDA project gross receipts KIDA project gross profits 		
Continue to Part IV and enter on line 3.	X 0.0075 =	2
PART IV—Limitation		
Enter tax liability from Form 720, Form 720S, Form 725	5 or Form 765, Part IV, line 3	1
2. Subtract minimum required \$175 from line 1 above		
3. Enter tax liability attributable to KIDA project from Part II, line 5 or Part III, line 1 or line 2		3
4. Enter the lesser of line 2 or line 3		4
5. Enter limitation from Schedule KIDA-T, Column D		
6. Allowable KIDA tax credit (lesser of line 4 or line 5)		6
If this project is the corporation's only economic developments this line on Form 720, Part IV, line 4; Form 720S, Form Schedule KIDA-T. If the corporation has more than one	725 or Form 765, Part V, line 1; and in C	
➤ Economic development project means a project authorize Rural Economic Development Act (KREDA), the Kentucky		

Act (KIRA), the Kentucky Economic Opportunity Zone (KEOZ), the Kentucky Reinvestment Act (KRA) or the Skills Training

INSTRUCTIONS—SCHEDULE KIDA

PURPOSE OF SCHEDULE—This schedule is to be used by any corporation which has entered into a financing agreement or a tax incentive agreement for a Kentucky Industrial Development Act (KIDA) project to determine the credit allowed against the Kentucky corporation income tax liability in accordance with KRS 141.400 on the income from the project.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

The 2002 General Assembly amended KRS 154.28-010 to 154.28-130, effective on July 15, 2002. Projects that received preliminary approval from the Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority (KEDFA) prior to July 15, 2002, and have entered into a financing agreement no later than June 30, 2003, shall be subject to KRS 154.28-010 to 154.28-130 as in effect prior to July 15, 2002.

Due to legislation passed by the 2005 General Assembly, S corporations, limited liability partnerships (LLPs), limited liability companies (LLCs) or similar entities created with limited liability for the partners are now taxed as corporations. The economic development credits are taken at the entity level and are not passed through to the shareholders/partners.

A corporation approved for more than one economic development project and that has total allowable credits for the taxable year greater than the corporation's income tax liability must complete Schedule TCS.

Date Financing Agreement was Executed or Activation Date—For projects which received preliminary approval from the Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority (KEDFA) prior to July 15, 1996, enter the date the financing agreement was executed. For projects which received preliminary approval from KEDFA after July 15, 1996, enter the date established by the approved company as the activation date for implementation of the inducements authorized by the financing agreement.

Part I—Tax Liability Method

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, corporations are required to pay the greater of tax computed on taxable net income, an alternative minimum calculation of an amount equal to the lesser of 9.5 cents per \$100 of gross receipts or 75 cents per \$100 of Kentucky gross profits, or a minimum tax of \$175. Once the tax liability is computed on the Form 720, Form 720S, Form 725 or Form 765, the KIDA credits are to be calculated using the same method. If the greatest tax liability is calculated on taxable net income, KIDA tax credits are based on income from the project. If the greatest tax liability results from the alternative minimum calculation, then KIDA tax credits are based on gross receipts or gross profits from the project. Tax credits cannot reduce the tax liability below the \$175 minimum.

Check the appropriate box for the method in which the tax liability was computed then continue to the corresponding part for the credit calculation.

Part II—Computation of Taxable Net Income Excluding Net Income from KIDA Project and KIDA Tax Credit

Line 1—Enter taxable income from Form 720, Form 720S, Form 725 or Form 765.

Line 2—If the corporation's only operation in Kentucky is the KIDA project, the amount entered on line 1 must be entered on line 2. If the corporation has operations other than the KIDA project, it must attach schedules reflecting the computation of the net income from the KIDA project in accordance with KRS 141.400(6)(a)* or KRS 141.400(7)(a).***

Lines 3 through 4(d)—Compute tax liability on income excluding project income.

Line 5—The difference between Part II, line 1 and line 4(d) is the income tax liability attributable to the KIDA project.

Part III—Computation of Alternative Minimum (AMC) Excluding Corporations Gross Receipts from KIDA Project

Line 1—If alternative minimum calculation is based on gross receipts, multiply 0.00095 by KIDA project gross receipts in accordance with KRS 141.400(6)(b)** or KRS 141.400(7)(b).****

Line 2—If alternative minimum calculation is based on Kentucky gross profits, multiply 0.0075 by KIDA project gross profits in accordance with KRS 141.400(6)(b)** or KRS 141.400(7)(b).****

Part IV—Limitation

Calculate KIDA tax credit based on corporation's tax liability, minimum required tax of \$175, tax liability attributable to KIDA project, and credit limitation from Schedule KIDA-T.

A corporation with more than one economic development project must separately compute the tax credit derived from each project. Complete an applicable tax computation schedule (Schedule KREDA, Schedule KIDA, Schedule KJDA, Schedule KIRA, Schedule KEOZ, or Schedule KRA) for each project. Approved companies for Skills Training Investment Credit (STICA) must attach a copy of the final resolutions received from the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation. Add the allowable credits from all projects. If the total allowable credits from all projects does not exceed the income tax liability reflected on Form 720, Form 720S, Form 725 or Form 765, Part IV, line 3, enter the total on Form 720, Part IV, line 4; or Form 720S, Form 725 or Form 765, Part V, line 1. The credit cannot reduce the tax liability on Part IV, line 3 below the minimum required tax of \$175.

If the total allowable credits from all projects exceed the income tax liability reflected on Form 720, Form 720S, Form 725 or Form 765, Part IV, line 3, the corporation must complete Schedule TCS, Tax Credit Summary Schedule, to reflect the amount of credit claimed from each project for the taxable year.

Alternative Methods—In accordance with KRS 141.400(8), if the approved company can show that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use separate accounting to determine net income, gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the project is located the approved company shall determine net income, gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue. Thus, if any method other than separate accounting is used, a copy of the letter from the Department of Revenue approving the alternative method must be attached to this schedule.

- * In accordance with KRS 141.400(6)(a), if the project is a totally separate facility, net income attributable to the project shall be determined by the separate accounting method.
- ** In accordance with KRS 141.400(6)(b), if the project is a totally separate facility, gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- *** In accordance with KRS 141.400(7)(a), if the KIDA project is an expansion to a previously existing facility net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method and the net income attributable to the KIDA project shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the KIDA project income using a formula approved by the Department of Revenue. A copy of the letter from the Department of Revenue approving the percentage must be attached to this schedule.
- In accordance with KRS 141.400(7)(b), if the KIDA project is an expansion to a previously existing facility gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attrib-utable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method and the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the KIDA project shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the KIDA project gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits. A copy of the letter from the Department of Revenue approving the percentage must be attached to this schedule.